Title of Session: Special Education Forum - Autism

Moderator: Paul Bohac Title of File: 20060821sped Date: August 21, 2006

Room: Special Education Group

MaryLF: He never learned to read - just passed along. And he has no math concepts

PaulDB: Mary, how are you trying to teach him to read? Are you using a phonics approach or a whole language method?

PaulDB: We seem to be a few members short tonight BjB.

PaulDB: Any idea why?

BjB nods to Paul. Lot of grad classes starting up

BjB: and schools starting again

PaulDB: By the way, I am sorry I missed the Session during the festival.

PaulDB: How did it go?

MaryLF: We have been using sounds and syllables - multi sensory, sequenced therapeutic I:I approach

BjB: Festival was good. The transcripts are archived at www.tappedin.org/transcripts

PaulDB: Thanks, I would really like to read them.

PaulDB: What publisher produced the materials you are using Mary?

MaryLF: Sorry, don't know. I will look it up

BiB: Paul, can we side track a sec and do introductions?

PaulDB: I asked that because there are several sources of materials for autistic and dyslexic children available on the web.

BjB: do we have this info in the room, Paul?

BjB . o O (know CEC has stuff for you, Mary)

BjB: Council for Exceptional Children

PaulDB: I am sorry BJ, Mary is retired and is helping her daughter and son-in-law homeschool her 12 year old grandson who is autistic and dyslexic.

BjB nods. Thanks, Paul.

MaryLF: The publisher is S.I.S Pub Co, 6344 Buenos Aires, Albuquerque, NM 87120-the author is Sandra Dillon

PaulDB: Yes, CEC has materials and other information of an instructional nature can also be found at www.soe.ku.edu/sped/

BjB: Mary, under Featured Items on the page that was above this chat window is a link to Teaching Art To Autistic Children

BjB: good resource for approaching literacy from visual input

BjB: http://www.davisart.com/Portal/SchoolArts/articles/MIN Autism506.pdf

MaryLF: I noted the Art resource. Thanks for other suggestions

PaulDB: I am not familiar with S.I.S. but I have heard of or read something about Sandra Dillon.

PaulDB: If I remember correctly, she has a background in reading Instruction and advanced degree in exceptional child education so I would think you have selected appropriate materials.

PaulDB: Are they the same materials used in the local school system or were they selected by the child's parents?

BjB: http://www.ataccess.org/resources/atk12/bp/case1.html

BridgetM joined the room.

PaulDB: Hello Bridget.

BridgetM: hi

BiB waves hi to Bridget

BridgetM: geez, I am so sorry to be late

MaryleeO joined the room.

BjB: We're discussing resources to help Mary with an autistic grandchild, Bridget

PaulDB: Please introduce yourself to the other members of this evening's group Bridget.

BridgetM: how old, Mary?

BridgetM: I'm a special ed teacher from NY, k-2

PaulDB: He is 12 and Mary is helping home school the young man.

BridgetM: ah

PaulDB: He cannot read and is having difficulty in math.

BridgetM: what are you interested in changing or developing?

BridgetM: communication?

BridgetM: Mary, I've worked with many students diagnosed with autism

PaulDB: Changing or developing? What an interesting way of phrasing the fundamental question!!

MaryLF: Jack is 12. The reading program was initiated by Miley Kane, his reading tutor. It must be given by a certified academic language specialist. My daughter is not certified but took much course work. We have hired Miley to do it now. His communication is good altho his grammar is strange and we don't work on that yet. He is a warm kid. He is a great actor and mime - can memorize whole plays. He currently has a lead part in community theater.

MaryleeO: I was in the room earlier and am just rejoining. I have limited experience with autism but have worked with dyslexic children. What is the name of his reading program? Can he name the letters and their sounds and how is his handwriting?

PaulDB: Does he "memorize" by listening to someone read his part to him?

PaulDB: Marylee, his reading program is by S.I.S Publishing Company and written by Sandra Dillon.

MaryLF: His handwriting is very good - script, not print for the "feel" of it. He can sound letters . Yes, he memorizes by listening to those helping him and picks it up further at rehearsals. Also his rhythm and voice are nice - he just finished doing a musical of Jungle Book where he played the monkey king - sang and danced

BridgetM: wow. interested and strength with script!

PaulDB: May I ask how the dual diagnosis was made (autism and dyslexia)?

SusanR joined the room.

MaryleeO: I'm not familiar with this program. That's great that script is mastered. Do you have any dyslexia questions? And, great question Paul about the diagnosis.

PaulDB: Hello Susan.

BridgetM: hi, Susan

BjB: welcome, Sue

SusanR: I will lurk and listen

PaulDB: I am having a hard time matching the description of the young man's behavior as an actor in community theatre with identification as "autistic".

BridgetM: Mary, I'm guessing reading comprehension is a problem. What about phonics?

BridgetM: ah, autism is a spectrum disorder - wide range of capabilities

MaryLF: He was diagnosed with autism at about 18 mos. with the usual walking on toes, perseverating, all developmental goals late, echolalia, etc. My daughter started attending Dr. Greenspan's trainings - the furthering of repetitive play by interruption and directing. They had O.T, speech, p.t. tutors and the family got involved in gym workout room especially for special needs kids. But then when entered school and could not learn to read or learn math concepts, the school could not meet his needs.

PaulDB: I know but...

MaryLF: As I understand dyslexia, it also is a range of reading, comprehension problems. Is that right?

BridgetM: http://www.stanleygreenspan.com/

PaulDB: Yes in terms of "processing" but does not preclude vision-related problems so that a determination of visually impaired is possible.

MaryLF: This reading program is phonics of a sort......he writes in the air, he writes on a blackboard, he writes on a tablet, all the time saying the word or groups of words. Instructions have to be simplified and repeated. Hard to keep him focused.

BridgetM: have you tried any software?

BridgetM: last year my students (k-2), several w/ ASD diagnosis had success with headsprout, online reading program

MaryLF: A psychologist in Denver has come several times for his assessment and IEP's. She has recommended software. However, the school will not let him have it in the room . They also do not adapt instruction for him, the aides are never trained, etc etc (frustration)

BridgetM: might seem too immature for a 10 yr old

BridgetM: ah, geez, Mary

BridgetM: is it an inclusion setting at school? (again, sorry I was late)

PaulDB: Bridget, what is ASD diagnosis, it is an unknown acronym to me.

BridgetM: autism spectrum disorder

MaryLF: Yes, with most subjects - then the "resource room" for reading, math. The resource teacher had too many students. He just cannot learn in a group setting.

MaryleeO: I am familiar with air writing and the need for frequent repetition. If you haven't already, the International Dyslexia Association has a good website www.interdys.org that does a good job explaining dyslexia. Also, Lexia and Earobics are good computer programs.

PaulDB: Thank you.

BridgetM: sounds like family needs an advocate

MaryLF: Thanks for info. I will look into these resources.

PaulDB: We haven't discussed anything about his math work Mary.

PaulDB: Can you tell us what he is working on, or the materials he is using?

MaryLF: We know. A close friend with a similar kid just hired advocate and lawyer and school sys paid her \$35,000. However, my daughter has been through so much working within the system, she doesn't have energy to pursue any further.

MaryLF: Math-U-See is the math program

PaulDB: How is he progressing in his math work?

MaryLF: Slowly.

BridgetM: I just found a video set for staff training. http://www.usevisualstrategies.com/products.html Linda Hodgdon

BridgetM: I'm ordering for a library

BjB: sounds like he needs music to help him learn.

BridgetM: good idea, BJ

MaryLF: That's a good idea.

PaulDB: Yes it is.

BjB blushes. Thanks

MaryleeO: What do you recommend?

BjB: songs, maybe a musical instrument of some kind

BjB . o O (percussion?)

SusanR: try playing classical music in the background

BridgetM: there are music sets to learn math facts

BjB nods to Bridget

PaulDB: Percussion and a metronome would help with a steady rhythmic beat.

BridgetM: that's a good idea also, Susan

BjB: we also have a new Music across the curriculum discussion here once a month

MaryLF: He might really respond well to that

BjB: next one is music and social studies

PaulDB: What about manipulatives when teaching math?

MaryLF: That also might help

PaulDB: Because of its concrete nature, math skills must be taught in sequence.

BridgetM: http://www.lessonplanspage.com/MathMusicMultiplicationFacts24.htm and http://www.songsforteaching.com/mathsongs.htm

PaulDB: Does he know how to perform the basic arithmetic functions?

MaryLF: Only the simplest and not well - uses fingers

PaulDB: Try a calculator with him.

BridgetM: I'd guess w/ the strength with script he does not exhibit tactile defensiveness so manipulitives would be a great idea

BjB: I hate to break the momentum of the discussion, but our time is about up. Paul, do you want to continue this topic in September?

PaulDB: Yes, I think it would be beneficial.

BjB. o O (Mary, we'll have this kid in college before you know it!)

BridgetM smiles

PaulDB: Home schooling offers some options not available in a traditional classroom setting.

MaryLF: Sounds good to me. I appreciate so much the help from everyone. And is there some way I could print this out, Bj?

BjB: Mary, when you log out the transcript will be automatically emailed to you

MaryLF: Wow, thanks

SusanR: I recommend Math Games and Literacy Games using cards, dice, special multisided dice and other manipulatives

SusanR: there is a special program called Box Cars and One-Eyed Jacks

MaryLF: Got lots of help

BjB: thanks, Paul and everyone for your great input!

SusanR: http://www.planet.eon.net/~boxcars/home.htm

BjB: next SPED is September 18

BridgetM: Mary, before you go. Home schooled students should still be eligible for therapies provided by public school

PaulDB: By the way, last month we talked a little about "inclusion" and I wanted to mention that in addition to IDEA, we also needed to remember that kids eligible for 504

accommodations were likely to be in a regular classroom as well and thus would be "included".

MaryLF: Good to know.

BridgetM: you may have to bring him to school for sessions

BridgetM: you may have to fight for that but ...

PaulDB: Yes, if such services are a part of his IEP, then the school system is responsible for providing such services at no cost to you.

BridgetM: it's worth it - if the therapists have been doing a good job

PaulDB: The scheduling of the services may be a problem but that is something that can be worked out.

PaulDB: Along those lines, materials being used by the school system should also be available to you as well.

BridgetM: in NY parents have to write a very detailed home school plan to submit to local school district

PaulDB: I hope this has given you something to work with Mary. It has been a good session on a topic we have not previously discussed.

BjB heads for bed. Thanks again, everyone. Mary, we'll look forward to more questions from you in September!

MaryLF: Thanks again. I got a great many ideas which I will pursue.